

Medical Oncology

Drug Information Sheet

Enfortumab vedotin-efv (PADCEV): a drug to treat your cancer that also works with your immune system to kill the cancer cells. It may also affect the healthy and normal cells within your body even after treatment has stopped.

How will you get this drug? A Cancer Center nurse will give this drug to you through an IV or your port.

You **MAY OR MAY NOT** experience the side effects listed below

Possible Side Effects:	What to do:
<p>Increased risk for infection due to decreased blood counts</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Avoid contact with people who have infections, colds or flu. • Wash your hands often. • Report chills or a fever of 100.4° or higher to your doctor right away, day or night. • Report any signs or symptoms of infection, such as cough, burning with urination, skin redness or sores. • Call your doctor before taking any medicine for a fever or chills.
<p>Lower than normal red blood cells Anemia</p>	<p>Call you doctor if you have:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ shortness of breath with activity ○ fatigue ○ dizziness ○ fast heartbeat or a heartbeat that does not feel normal ○ headache
<p>Severe skin reactions or itching</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Use a moisturizing cream free from alcohol, perfume or dye at least twice a day. • When outside, use sunscreen and wear clothing and eyewear that protects you from the sun. • Choose mild soaps. • Use over-the-counter anti-inflammation and anti-itch creams (hydrocortisone cream or diphendyramine). • Drink water and non-caffeine beverages. • Use tepid water, rather than hot water. • Wear loose-fitting cotton clothing. • Apply cool, wet cloth to soothe skin. • Avoid using perfumes and cologne. • Avoid rubbing and scratching. • Call your doctor if you have: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ A skin rash ○ Red, swollen, blistered, or peeling skin ○ Red or irritated eyes ○ Sores in your mouth, throat, nose or eyes

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Possible Side Effects:	What to do:
Low phosphorus levels	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Your lab work will be checked • Call your doctor if you have symptoms of low phosphorus <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ changes in eyesight ○ feeling confused ○ mood changes ○ muscle pain or weakness ○ shortness of breath or other breathing problems ○ trouble swallowing
Neuropathy Numbness or tingling in hands or feet	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Tell the doctor if this occurs or worsens. • Be careful because you may not feel an injury to your hands or feet that have reduced feeling or numbness. • Check areas that are numb for redness or open sores. Do this every day. • Apply cream or lotion to your hands and feet. • Avoid wearing tight footwear. • Avoid standing for long periods of time. • May continue even after treatment has stopped. • These nerve problems can get worse the more times you get this drug. • Sometimes, these nerve problems have not gone back to normal.
Hair loss	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Talk to your nurse about a wig or other options. • Ask about options to help decrease hair loss. • Hair will grow back 1-3 months after stopping chemotherapy.
Nausea/vomiting Decreased appetite	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Take nausea medicine as instructed. Let your doctor know if it is not working for you. • Eat smaller, frequent meals. • Try liquid nutrition supplements (Boost, Ensure). • A dietitian is available to talk with you.
Taste changes Metallic taste in mouth	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • While on treatment, foods you usually enjoy may taste bland, different, or bad. • Call your doctor or nurse if you have taste changes. <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ Try cold or frozen foods as they may taste better than hot foods ○ Flavor your food with herbs, seasonings, sugar or sauces ○ Keep a clean and healthy mouth. Brush your teeth before and after each meal. ○ Use plastic utensils if food tastes like metal. ○ Eat mints, chew gum or chew ice to mask the bitter or metallic taste. ○ Avoid cigarette smoking.

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Possible Side Effects:	What to do:
Diarrhea	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Keep well hydrated with water or fluids. • Take over the counter anti-diarrhea medicine (Immodium A-D™ or loperamide HCL). Use the “<i>Helpful Tips for Diarrhea after Chemotherapy or Radiation Therapy</i>” instruction sheet. • Call your doctor if you have: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ More than 4 loose stools in 24 hours ○ A fever of 100.4° or higher ○ bad stomach pain or cramps ○ dizziness or feel faint ○ bloody stools (dark, tarry or sticky)
Fatigue or weakness	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • You may be more tired than usual or have less energy. • Stay as active as possible, but know it is okay to rest as needed. • Try to do some activity every day. • Plan your activities, and do them at a time of day when you feel more energetic. • Avoid driving or doing other tasks that call for you to be alert.
Eye problems, vision changes or dry eye	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Driving and reading may be difficult due to vision changes. Use caution when driving or operating machines. • Call your doctor if you have: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ change in eyesight. ○ loss of sight ○ Uncontrolled eye movements ○ Seeing flashes of light ○ Blurry vision ○ Light hurting your eyes ○ New or increased floaters • Use of artificial tears may be helpful.
<i>Enfortumab vedotin-ejfv (PADCEV): will be in urine and stool for 48 hours.</i>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Caregivers will need to handle soiled linens and clothing wearing gloves or using a bag as a barrier. • Keep your soiled items separate from others’ dirty laundry and wash right away. • Women who are pregnant should not handle your soiled clothing or linens. • Wash any skin that body waste has touched with soap and water. • You may use the same toilet that you normally use. • If the toilet or toilet seat becomes dirty with urine, stool or vomit, clean the surfaces before other people use the toilet • Wash hands with soap and water after using the toilet. • It is safe to hug and kiss.

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Possible Side Effects:	What to do:
Avoid pregnancy	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • This drug may cause harm to the unborn baby if you take it while you are pregnant. If you are pregnant or you get pregnant while taking this drug, call your doctor right away. • Use birth control that you can trust to prevent pregnancy while taking this drug and for 4 months after stopping this drug. • If you or your sex partner gets pregnant, while taking this drug or within 4 months after stopping this drug, call your doctor right away. • May cause fertility problems.

Less common side effects that may happen

Less common side effects	What to do:
Stinging or burning if drug gets out of vein	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Tell your nurse right away if you have redness, burning, pain, swelling, or leaking of fluid where the drug is going into your body. • The drug can cause severe damage to the tissue at the IV site.
Hepatitis B	Your doctor will do blood tests to check for Hepatitis B before starting <i>Enfortumab vedotin-ejfv (PADCEV)</i> and monitor you throughout your treatment.
Increased blood sugar levels	Call your doctor if you: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ○ have feelings of confusion ○ are feeling more sleepy than normal ○ are more thirsty than normal ○ are more hungry than normal ○ pass urine more often than usual ○ have fast breathing ○ have breath that smells like fruit
These are not all of the side effects that may occur. If you have questions about side effects, call your doctor.	